

Simulation of Sustainable Metallurgical Process (I002850)

Course size *(nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)*

Credits 6.0

Study time 180 h

Course offerings in academic year 2024-2025

A (Year)

English

Gent

Lecturers in academic year 2024-2025

Reuter, Markus

FREIBE01 lecturer-in-charge

Stelter, Michael

FREIBE01 co-lecturer

Offered in the following programmes in 2024-2025

[International Master of Science in Sustainable and Innovative Natural Resource Management](#)

crdts

6

offering

A

Teaching languages

English

Keywords

Position of the course

Contents

Reactor types in process metallurgy and minerals processing (e.g. TSL, Kaldo, flash smelting, QSL, flotation cells etc.) will be compared using simulation cases, evaluated and optimised for metal and minor metal recovery. The environmental footprint as also the economic performance of each reactor type will be compared with each other to establish best options for reactor flotation types as a function of feed types. The student will understand minerals processing and metallurgical reactor technology better and also be in a better position to create more sustainable industry and society.

Process design cases will be performed by the students to optimally process different feed types. By using a wider range of reactor types the student will be able to simulate complete flowsheets, provide mass and energy balances at the same time also determine the environmental footprint as well as economic analysis. This course will also examine the impact of product design on the recycling of various end-of-life products such as mobile phones etc. Thus, not only will natural resources be processed in the simulated systems but also materials from the "urban mine". Therefore, this course will also use this rigorous simulation basis to critically discuss environmental legislation as well as communicate these results to all stakeholders.

Initial competences

Basic thermodynamic, thermodynamic and kinetic knowledge in process metallurgy

Final competences

1 In the course the participants will learn:

1. Simulation of reactor types

- modelling and simulation of hydro- and pyrometallurgical reactors for primary and secondary resources and determination of mass and energy balances as well as minerals processing
- determination of ecological and economic footprint of reactors

2 2. Modelling of processing flowsheets

- develop processing flowsheets for non-ferrous metal containing resources
- modelling and simulation of hydro- and pyrometallurgical processing plants for primary and secondary non-ferrous resources as well as minerals processing
- determination of mass and energy balances of the complete flowsheet and determine optimal processing routes
- determination of ecological and economic footprint of complete flowsheets

3. Methods and tools

- use of simulation tools such as HSC Sim 9.0, FACTSAGE etc. and environmental software tools such as GaBi to evaluate different processing options
- create process designs and communicate results to a client and/or stakeholders e.g. NGO

Conditions for credit contract

This course unit cannot be taken via a credit contract

Conditions for exam contract

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

Teaching methods

Lecture, Practical

Extra information on the teaching methods

S1 (SS): Block course / Lectures (1 SWS)

S1 (SS): Block course / Seminar (2 SWS)

S1 (SS): Block course / Practical Application (2 SWS)

Study material

None

References

- E. Worrell, M.A. Reuter (2014): Handbook of Recycling, Elsevier BV, Amsterdam, 595p. (ISBN 978-0-12-396459-5).
- M.A. Reuter, R. Matuszewicz, A. van Schaik (2015): Lead, Zinc and their Minor Elements: Enablers of a Circular Economy World of Metallurgy – ERZMETALL 68 (3), 132-146.
- M.A. Reuter, A. van Schaik, J. Gediga (2015): Simulation-based design for resource efficiency of metal production and recycling systems, Cases: Copper production and recycling, eWaste (LED Lamps), Nickel pig iron, International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment, 20(5), 671-693.
- M.A. Reuter, I. Kojo (2014): Copper: A Key Enabler of Resource Efficiency, World of Metallurgy – ERZMETALL 67 (1), 46-53 (Summary of plenary lecture Copper 2013).
- S. Creedy, A. Glinin, R. Matuszewicz, S. Hughes, M.A. Reuter (2013): Outotec® Ausmelt Technology for Treating Zinc Residues, World of Metallurgy – ERZMETALL, 66(4), 230-235.
- M.A.H. Shuva, M.A. Rhamdhani, G. Brooks, S. Masood, M.A. Reuter (2016): Thermodynamics data of valuable elements relevant to e-waste processing through primary and secondary copper production - a review, J. Cleaner Production, 131, 795-809.
- M.A. Reuter (2016): Digitalizing the Circular Economy - Circular Economy Engineering defined by the metallurgical Internet of Things-, 2016 TMS EPD Distinguished Lecture, USA, Metallurgical Transactions B, 47(6), 3194-3220 (<http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11663-016-0735-5>).
- I. Rönnlund, M.A. Reuter, S. Horn, J. Aho, M. Päällysaho, L. Ylimäki, T. Pursula (2016): Sustainability indicator framework implemented in the metallurgical industry: Part 1-A comprehensive view and benchmark & Implementation of sustainability indicator framework in the metallurgical industry: Part 2-A case study from the copper industry, International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment, 21(10), 1473-1500 & 21(12), 1719-1748.

Course content-related study coaching

Assessment moments

end-of-term and continuous assessment

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the first examination period

Written assessment, Assignment

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the second examination period

Written assessment, Assignment

Examination methods in case of permanent assessment

Participation, Assignment

Possibilities of retake in case of permanent assessment

examination during the second examination period is possible

Extra information on the examination methods

For the award of credit points it is necessary to pass the module exam.

Calculation of the examination mark