

## Modern Chinese III (A002943)

**Course size** *(nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)*

**Credits 8.0**

**Study time 240 h**

**Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2026-2027**

A (semester 1)      Chinese, Dutch      Gent      practical

**Lecturers in academic year 2026-2027**

Liu, Jun	LW21	staff member
Matthyssen, Mieke	LW21	staff member
Dessein, Bart	LW21	lecturer-in-charge

**Offered in the following programmes in 2026-2027**

	crdts	offering
<a href="#">Bachelor of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject China (China Track))</a>	8	A
<a href="#">Bachelor of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject China (UGent Track))</a>	8	A
<a href="#">Exchange Programme Oriental Languages and Cultures</a>	8	A

**Teaching languages**

Chinese, Dutch

**Keywords**

Modern Chinese, oral language, written language, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, listening comprehension, reading, translation.

**Position of the course**

This introductory course helps students master the basic vocabulary of Modern Chinese (speaking, reading, writing, understanding). The course helps them understand the grammar of Modern Chinese, enables them to make grammatical analyses, and teaches them how to apply grammatical structures in actual situations. Students are taught how to translate basic texts from Chinese into Dutch/English, and vice versa. The course also gives them the basic skills of listening comprehension, reading comprehension, writing comprehension, and speaking skills.

Exchange students may take up this course unit, for which no prior knowledge of Dutch is required.

**Contents**

By means of dialogues and texts on specific situations in everyday life in China, the basic vocabulary and basic grammatical structures of Chinese are further taught and practised. The students learn how to write, read, pronounce and understand the vocabulary. They learn how to use this subject matter in written and in oral form. They learn how to use this vocabulary and grammar in different real life situations: comprehensive reading, written and oral translation, speaking, and listening comprehension. There also is attention for theoretical grammatical analysis.

**Initial competences**

To have successfully completed the courses 'Modern Chinese I', 'Modern Chinese II', as well as 'Classical Chinese I' and 'Classical Chinese II'.

**Final competences**

- 1 To be able to read and write the basic vocabulary of Modern Chinese;
- 2 To have a written command of a basic level of Chinese;
- 3 To be able to translate from Chinese into Dutch/English and vice versa on a basic level;

- 4 To be able to make a syntactical analysis on a basic level;
- 5 To understand spoken Chinese on a basic level;
- 6 To be able to hold a basic conversation with a native speaker.

#### **Conditions for credit contract**

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is determined after successful competences assessment

#### **Conditions for exam contract**

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

#### **Teaching methods**

Practical

#### **Extra information on the teaching methods**

In formal lectures, the theoretical framework, the basic vocabulary and the grammar are explained. The practical language acquisition classes (oral and written translation exercises, speaking exercises, writing exercises, reading exercises, and listening exercises) are offered by language lecturers and native speakers.

No recordings are provided.

#### **Study material**

Type: Handbook

Name: Integrated Chinese 3, Textbook en Workbook (door: Yuehua Liu, Tao-Chung Yao, Nyan-Ping Bi)

Indicative price: € 150

Optional: no

#### **References**

Li, Charles, N. and Sandra A. Thompson, *Mandarin Chinese. A Functional Reference Grammar*. University of California Press, 1989.

Cheung Hung-nin Samuel, et al., *A practical Chinese grammar*. Hong Kong: The Chinese University Press, 1994.

Wiedenhof, Jeroen, *A Grammar of Mandarin*. Amsterdam/Philadelphia: John Benjamins Publishing, Company, 2015.

Ross, Claudia and Jing-heng Sheng Ma, *Modern Mandarin Chinese Grammar. A Practical Guide*. London and New York: Routledge, 2017.

#### **Course content-related study coaching**

In the practical language acquisition classes, with the help of the language lecturer and native speaker, all theoretical knowledge is immediately put into practice. These classes consist of conversation exercises, listening exercises, and written translation exercises. In the conversation exercises, immediate feedback is possible. The written exercises are corrected by the language teacher and discussed with the individual student. This guarantees a quick feedback for the individual student.

The students have the opportunity to individually and at personal pace make translation exercises. When needed, these are discussed individually with the student.

Oral and written exercises are supported also through Ufora.

#### **Assessment moments**

end-of-term and continuous assessment

#### **Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the first examination period**

Oral assessment, Written assessment

#### **Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the second examination period**

Oral assessment, Written assessment

#### **Examination methods in case of permanent assessment**

Oral assessment, Written assessment

#### **Possibilities of retake in case of permanent assessment**

examination during the second examination period is not possible

#### **Extra information on the examination methods**

*Assessment moment*

Continuous (20 %) and End-of-term (80%) assessment

### *Assessment form*

Continuous assessment (20 %): On a test moment during the semester, the knowledge of the vocabulary and grammar is tested. This is done through a dictation, a composition exercise, and written translation exercises (Dutch/English-Chinese and Chinese-Dutch/English), grammatical analysis, listening comprehension, and a test on speaking skills.

End-of-term assessment (80 %): The end-of-term exam consists of three parts: (1) listening and speaking comprehension, (2) reading and writing comprehension, and (3) translation and grammatical analysis. The part listening and speaking comprehension consists of a test on listening comprehension and a test on conversation ability (with a native speaker). The part reading and writing comprehension consists of a dictation and a composition exercise. The part translation and grammatical analysis consists of a written translation Dutch/English-Chinese and Chinese-Dutch/English, as well as an exercise on analysis (written).

(If a student does not pass for the whole of the continuous evaluation and the end-of-term assessment, there is a possibility to do a resit exam and the second examination period. This exam consist of the complete subject matter and all parts (listening and speaking comprehension, reading and writing comprehension, and translation and grammatical analysis)(100%). )

### **Calculation of the examination mark**

Continuous assessment (20 %) + end-of-term assessment (80 %). The student has to pass for each of the three parts of the evaluation ((1) listening and speaking comprehension, (2) reading and writing comprehension, and (3) translation and grammatical analysis) separately, as well as for the total 100 %.

Students who do not take part in the assessment of one or more parts of the course evaluation or obtain a mark of less than 10/20 for one of its parts cannot pass the course evaluation. Should the average mark be higher than 10/20, the final mark will be reduced to the highest non-pass mark (=9).

### **Facilities for Working Students**

Facilities:

- 1 Student attendance during educational activities is required
- 2 Possible rescheduling of the examination to a different time in the same academic year
- 3 Feedback can be given during an appointment during office hours

Extra information:

For more information concerning flexible learning: contact the monitoring service of the faculty of Arts and philosophy