

Course Specifications

Valid in the academic year 2023-2024

Culture in Perspective: the Near East and the Islamic World (A005152)

Course size (nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)

Credits 6.0 Study time 180 h

Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2023-2024

A (semester 2) English Gent independent work

lecture

Lecturers in academic year 2023-2024

Janssen, Caroline LW21 Offered in the following programmes in 2023-2024		lecturer-in-charge	
		crdts	offering
Master of Science in Teaching in Languages(main subject Oriental Language Cultures)	es and	6	А
Master of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject China)		6	Α
Master of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject India)		6	Α
Master of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject Japan)		6	Α
Master of Arts in Oriental Languages and Cultures(main subject Middle East	Studies)	6	Α
Master of Arts in Global Studies		6	Α
Master of Arts in Global Studies		6	Α
Exchange Programme in Political and Social Sciences		6	Α
Exchange Programme Oriental Languages and Cultures		6	Α

Teaching languages

English

Keywords

Cultural history, Social history, history of mentalities, research perspectives, Arabic and Islamic Studies, Quranic Studies (the Qur'anic context), Arabic literature, Arabia, Near East, Ethiopia, cultural heritage

Position of the course

This course places well-defined themes from the culture/cultural history of the Near East and the world of Islam in a broad cultural perspective and analyses the dynamics of scholarly research from this point of view.

This course contributes to the following learning outcomes: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5.

Contents

Culture in perspective is a course which focuses on the interpretation of complex themes. The student is familiarized with research perspectives and their impact on the outcome of an investigation. Complex relations between cultures are the focal point of this course.

Different themes are explored.

In the first part the interwovenness of the cultural traditions of the Near East and Arabia is the focal point. The central theme is the story of the Queen of Sheba. The second and most important part of this course is devoted to the Qur'anic discourse about prophets known from the Hebrew Bible, and in particular on Jesus and Mary, and research perspectives in the field of Early Qur'an Studies. The interconnectedness of the religious traditions of the Near East, Ethiopia and Arabia is shown, as well as the links between the three main monotheïstic religions Judaism, Christianity and Islam. It is made clear that not only the 'Great Texts' but also oral and apocryphal traditions are essential for the study of the context in

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which the Qur'an took shape.

We deal with the question why the Qur'anic discourse on Mary and Jesus is different from that of the New Testament, what the Qur'an 'does' with the traditional accounts on the prophets of the Near East, and why. The Quranic text is juxtaposed to Christian subtexts.

A case study from the Ancient Near East will show the challenges and pitfalls of interdisciplinary approaches.

Students elaborate a theme themselves for which a concise framing will be provided. The theme of the year will be announced at the beginning of the course. Students will be given the freedom to choose an orientation in accordance with their own interests

Initial competences

This course is meant for advanced students. They have a BA level in Oriental Languages and cultures, or a minor in this field, or another field in which crossfertilisation is possible (history, political studies, religious studies, anthropology, economics, ...). An open and critical attitude and curiosity about other cultures is essential. This course is also open for international students and will be taught in English.

Final competences

- 1 Students have an insight in the complex relations between Judaism, Christianity and the Quranic context.
- 2 Students realize that religions are diverse and have not always been what they are today; they understand that religion is more than a collection of dogmas.
- 3 Students know the main theories on the origin of the Quran and they can identify different research cultures. They have an insight in the complexity of the field.
- 4 Students learn how to be empathic and engage in the interreligious dialogue with respect for other people's opinions.
- 5 Students understand that daring to think means that one questions the existing order including results of research on a permanent basis.
- 6 Students can make a distinction between the Qur'anic context, the Qur'an as text and the interpretations of Qur'anic exegesis

Conditions for credit contract

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is unrestricted: the student takes into consideration the conditions mentioned in 'Starting Competences'

Conditions for exam contract

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

Teaching methods

Seminar, Lecture, Independent work

Extra information on the teaching methods

Students prepare seminars by reading texts or articles. Students are encouraged to respond and reflect, in the group, on their choices and positions.

Learning materials and price

Reader consisting of text materials (Quran, Christian texts ...) in translation and articles (available through Minerva). Printing costs c. 10 euro.

References

Abboud (2014), Husn Abboud, *Mary in the Qur'an. A Literary Reading.* London & New York

Anthony (2014), Sean W. Anthony, "Muḥammad, the Keys to Paradise, and the *Doctrina Iacobi*: a Late Antique Puzzle." *Der Islam* 91, 2014, pp. 243-265. Bowersock (2013), Glen W. Bowersock, *The Throne of Adulis. Red Sea Wars on the Eve of Islam (Emblems of Antiquity)*. Oxford.

Donner (2002-2003), Fred M. Donner, "From Believers to Muslims: Confessional Self-identity in the Early Islamic Community." *Al-Abhath* 50-51, 2002-2003, pp. 9-53

Dye (2015), Guillaume Dye, "The Qur'ān and Its Hypertextuality in Light of Redaction Criticism." *Paper for the Fourth Nangeroni Meeting on Early Islam: The Sectarian Milieu of Late Antiquity?* (online raadpleegbaar op https://www.academia.edu/12358270/The Quran and its Hypertextuality in Light of Redaction Criticism)

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Janssen, C. 2018, Maria, Jesus en de keten van revelaties en profeten. Een hypothese wat de Koran *doet* met de protagonisten van het christendom, vanuit welke mogelijke gronden en met welk effect, Brussel.

Khalidi, T. 2003: The Muslim Jesus, Harvard.

Lange, Chr. 2016: Paradise and Hell in Islamic Traditions, Cambridge.

Lange, Chr. 2017: Mohammad. Perspectieven op de profeet, Amsterdam.

Robin (2015), Christian Robin: Le judaïsme de l'Arabie antique, Turnhout.

Robin (2012), Christian Robin, "Arabia and Ethiopia." In: Scott Fitzgerald Johnson

(ed.), The Oxford Handbook of Late Antiquity. Oxford, pp. 247-332.

Rubin (1990), Uri Rubin, "Ḥanīfiyya and Ka'ba. An Inquiry into the Arabian Pre-Islamic Background of dīn ibrāhīm." Jerusalem Studies in Arabic and Islam 13, 1990, pp. 85-111.

Shoemaker (2003), Stephen J. Shoemaker, "Christmas in the Qur'ān. The Qur'ānic Account of Jesus' Nativity and Palestinian Local Tradition." *Jerusalem Studies in Arabic and Islam*, 2003, pp. 11-39.

Course content-related study coaching

Active support during online sessions and through Ufora. Students who face difficulties can contact me through e-mail.

Assessment moments

end-of-term and continuous assessment

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the first examination period

Oral assessment, Participation, Presentation, Assignment

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the second examination period

Oral assessment

Examination methods in case of permanent assessment

Participation, Assignment

Possibilities of retake in case of permanent assessment

examination during the second examination period is possible

Extra information on the examination methods

PE: written assignment and participation during online sessions.

NPE: oral exam about the classes, reading materials and assignments.

Calculation of the examination mark

PE 50% (10% participation, 20% presentation, 20% assignments) NPE 50%

If a part of the exam is not taken and the final score would be more than 10/20 the final score will be reduced to the highest non-pass score. When unsatisfactory grades are obtained on parts of the exam the final mark may be lowered.

Facilities for Working Students

- $1. \ Possible \ exemption \ from \ educational \ activities \ requiring \ student \ attendance.$
- 2. Possible rescheduling of the examination to a different time in the same academic year
- 3. Alternative time for feedback is possible

Students need to send an e-mail (mention as subject: "werkstudent CIP") and schedule an appointment **before Oct. 1st.** in order to work out a solution.

For more information concerning flexible learning: contact the monitoring service of the faculty of Arts and philosophy

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