

## Analysis of High Dimensional Data (C003549)

**Course size** *(nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)*

**Credits 5.0** **Study time 150 h**

**Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2025-2026**

A (semester 1)	English	Gent	independent work seminar lecture group work
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**Lecturers in academic year 2025-2026**

Clement, Lieven WEO2 lecturer-in-charge

**Offered in the following programmes in 2025-2026**

	crdts	offering
Master of Science in Teaching in Science and Technology (main subject Mathematics)	5	A
Master of Science in Mathematics	5	A
Master of Science in Statistical Data Analysis	5	A
Exchange Programme in Mathematics (master's level)	5	A

**Teaching languages**

English

**Keywords**

Statistics, multivariate data analysis, high dimensional data

**Position of the course**

Modern high throughput technologies easily generate data on thousands of variables; e.g. genomics, chemometrics, environmental monitoring, ... Conventional statistical methods are no longer suited for effectively analysing such high-dimensional data. Multivariate statistical methods may be used, but for often the dimensionality of the data set is much larger than the number of (biological) samples. Modern advances in statistical data analyses allow for the appropriate analysis of such data.

Methods for the analysis of high dimensional data rely heavily on multivariate statistical methods. Therefore a large part of the course content is devoted to multivariate methods, but with a focus on high dimensional settings and issues. Multivariate statistical analysis covers many methods. In this course, only a few are discussed. A selection of techniques is made based on our experience that they are frequently used in industry and research institutes (e.g. principal component analysis, cluster analysis, classification methods). Central in the course are applications from different fields (analytical chemistry, ecology, biotechnology, genomics, ...).

**Contents**

1. Dimension reduction: Singular Value Decomposition (SVD), Principal Component Analysis (PCA), Multidimensional Scaling (MDS) and biplots for dimension-reduced data visualisation
2. Sparse SVD and sparse PCA
3. Prediction with high dimensional predictors: principal component regression; ridge, lasso and elastic net penalised regression methods
4. Classification (prediction of class membership): (penalised) logistic regression, linear and quadratic discriminant analysis, (sparse) Fisher discriminant analysis
5. Evaluation of prediction models: sensitivity, specificity, ROC curves, mean

- squared error, cross validation
- 6. Feature selection
- 7. association versus prediction
- 8. Large scale hypotheses testing: FDR, FDR control methods, empirical Bayes (local) FDR control
- 9. One of the following topics (depending on the interest of the students): functional data analysis, canonical correlation analysis, correspondence analysis, biclustering, factor analysis, model based clustering, ...

#### **Initial competences**

Having successfully completed the course "analysis of continuous data", or having acquired otherwise the corresponding competences (knowledge of the theory and practice of linear statistical models). A good knowledge in matrix algebra is also required.

#### **Final competences**

- 1 The student has knowledge of methods for analysing and exploring high-dimensional data sets.
- 2 The student can see and quantify structures in large high-dimensional/multivariate datasets, using the software R.
- 3 The student can value and interpret the statistical data analyses of high-dimensional data correctly.
- 4 The student can correctly report the results of the data analyses according to scientific standards.
- 5 The student can comprehensively read scientific papers related to the course content.
- 6 The student can take responsibility and initiative in a group effort.

#### **Conditions for credit contract**

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is determined after successful competences assessment

#### **Conditions for exam contract**

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

#### **Teaching methods**

Group work, Seminar, Lecture, Independent work

#### **Extra information on the teaching methods**

Theory: 15 hours lectures and 7.5 hours guided self study (discussion of papers)  
 Exercises: 15 hours PC room classes and 25 hours group or individual work (assignment)

#### **Study material**

Type: Handouts

Name: open-source e-course  
 Indicative price: Free or paid by faculty  
 Optional: no  
 Language : English  
 Available on Ufora : No  
 Online Available : Yes  
 Usability and Lifetime within the Course Unit : intensive

#### **References**

- Efron, B. (2010). Large-Scale Inference: Empirical Bayes Methods for Estimation, Testing and Prediction. IMS Monographs.
- Hastie T, Tibshirani R. and Friedman J. (2009). The Elements of Statistical Learning. Springer.
- Johnson R. and Wichern D. (2008). Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis (6th edition). Prentice Hall.

#### **Course content-related study coaching**

In the practical sessions in the PC labs the students are coached by an assistant. Students can make an appointment to ask questions to the lecturer. Questions and answers can be exchanged in Ufora.

#### **Assessment moments**

end-of-term and continuous assessment

**Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the first examination period**

Written assessment with open-ended questions

**Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the second examination period**

Written assessment with open-ended questions

**Examination methods in case of permanent assessment**

Peer and/or self assessment, Assignment

**Possibilities of retake in case of permanent assessment**

examination during the second examination period is possible in modified form

**Extra information on the examination methods**

Theory and exercises: periodical evaluation (open book, written exam with open-ended questions) and non-periodical evaluation (2 homework assignments and 1 project assignment).

**Calculation of the examination mark**

Theory and exercises: periodical evaluation (50%) and non-periodical evaluation (1 homework assignment1 (12.5%) and 1 project assignment (37.5%)).

To pass for this course, the student must pass for both the periodical and the non-periodical evaluation.

If the student fails for this course in the first examination period and if he/she wants a retake in the second examination period, the non-periodical evaluation will be presented in a revised form in the second examination period.

Peer assessment is used to correct the marks for the project assignment so as to provide a more representative score for the student's individual contribution. A student's individual score for the project work will at most deviate 20% of average score for the group. 20% of the score of the project will be based on a report that is used to evaluate the process that student went through to arrive at the result (focus on the skills to participate in a group effort).