

Course Specifications

From the academic year 2021-2022 up to and including the academic year

Mathematical Modeling (C004010)

Course size (nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)

Credits 6.0 Study time 180 h Contact hrs 60.0h

Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2022-2023

A (semester 2) Dutch Gent lecture 30.0h

seminar: practical PC room

classes

seminar: coached exercises 15.0h

15.0h

Lecturers in academic year 2022-2023

Van Daele, Marnix WEO2 lecturer-in-charge

Oste, Roy WEO2 co-lecturer

Offered in the following programmes in 2022-2023 crdts offering

Bachelor of Science in Mathematics 6 A

Teaching languages

Dutch

Kevwords

model, modelling differential equation dynamical system, bifurcation singular-value-decomposition

Position of the course

Chronologically this is one of the last courses in the bachelor program in mathematics that is mandatory for all students. It relies on the knowledge acquired in several previous courses (linear algebra, analysis, numerical analysis) and points to practical applications of this knowledge.

Contents

In the first chapter, we discuss what 'applied mathematics' is, which kind of problems are studied and what the role of mathematical modelling is in solving problems. Distinction is made between different kinds of models (continuous and discrete models, deterministic and stochastic models, ...).

We discuss the Singular value decomposition since it is an important tool to help understand what the impact is of a matrix. This decomposition is also the basis of several important algorithms.

Responding to current events, the study of the evolution of epidemiological diseases through compartmental models is discussed in more detail.

This is followed by a qualitative analysis of one-dimensional and two-dimensional dynamical systems with an introduction of general concepts of dynamical systems and bifurcation theory.

More attention is paid to Hamiltonian problems (with emphasis on the symplecticity of the solutions) and Sturm-Liouville problems (as an example of eigenvalue problems).

Initial competences

Final competences of the courses Analysis I and Analysis II, Linear Algebra and Geometry I and Numerical Analysis.

(Approved) 1

Final competences

- 1 To know modelling techniques and interpret them.
- 2 Know which bifurcations can be expected in a particular situation. Compute bifurcation points and their normal form. Do a complete two-parameter bifurcation analysis.
- 3 Understand properties of solutions of some specific problems (such as Sturm-Liouville problems and Hamiltonian problems).
- 4 Be able to compute the singular value decomposition and to have insight in applications of this decomposition.

Conditions for credit contract

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is determined after successful competences assessment

Conditions for exam contract

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

Teaching methods

Lecture, Seminar: coached exercises, Seminar: practical pc room classes

Extra information on the teaching methods

Exercises with paper and pencil, but also with computer and specialized software.

Learning materials and price

Syllabus (.pdf) with theory and a choice of exercises and study assignments via the electronic environment Ufora, additional material like extra exercises and solutions of exercises.

References

The Princeton Companion to Applied mathematics, editor Nicholas J. Higham,

Princeton University Press, 2015

Numerical Solution of Sturm-Liouville Problems, Johan D. Pryce, Clarendon Press, 1993

Numerical Linear Algebra, Lloyd N. Trefethen, David Bau, III, Siam, Philadelphia, 1997

Course content-related study coaching

Individual contact with the lecturer, electronic environment Ufora.

Assessment moments

end-of-term and continuous assessment

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the first examination period

Written examination

Examination methods in case of periodic assessment during the second examination period

Written examination

Examination methods in case of permanent assessment

Oral examination, Assignment

Possibilities of retake in case of permanent assessment

examination during the second examination period is possible

Extra information on the examination methods

End-of-term evaluation: written examination at the end of the semester in closed book form and open book form.

Permanent evaluation: handed in projects.

The evaluation evaluates both the practical (programming an algorithm in a project) as well as the theoretical skills (knowledge of basic definitions, understanding of derivations, ...).

Calculation of the examination mark

Theory: 8 marks (out of 20). Exercises: 8 marks (out of 20). Project: 4 marks (out of 20).

(Approved) 2

(Approved) 3