

## Vegetation Modelling (I002696)

Due to Covid 19, the education and evaluation methods may vary from the information displayed in the schedules and course details. Any changes will be communicated on Ufora.

|                    |  |                    |        |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|--------|
| <b>Course size</b> | <i>(nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)</i> |                    |        |
| <b>Credits</b> 4.0 | <b>Study time</b> 120 h  | <b>Contact hrs</b> | 40.0 h |

### Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2021-2022

|                |         |      |                            |         |
|----------------|---------|------|----------------------------|---------|
| A (semester 2) | English | Gent | microteaching              | 2.5 h   |
|                |         |      | seminar: practical PC room | 11.25 h |
|                |         |      | classes                    |         |
|                |         |      | lecture                    | 25.0 h  |
|                |         |      | group work                 | 1.25 h  |

### Lecturers in academic year 2021-2022

Verbeeck, Hans LA20 lecturer-in-charge

### Offered in the following programmes in 2021-2022

|   | crdts | offering |
|---|-------|----------|
| <a href="#">Master of Science in Bioscience Engineering: Forest and Nature Management</a>                 | 4     | A        |
| <a href="#">Exchange Programme in Bioscience Engineering: Land and Forest management (master's level)</a> | 4     | A        |

### Teaching languages

English

### Keywords

*Vegetation models, ecological forecasting, upscaling*

### Position of the course

In the current Anthropocene era vegetation is influenced by fast changing conditions worldwide. In this context, there is a large need for scientific information on the future response of forest and nature to these global changes. Vegetation models are important tools to address this demand. In this course vegetation models will be studied in detail as a tool for knowledge synthesis, upscaling, data-integration and forecasting. Multiple key processes are discussed and applied in practical simulation exercises with existing vegetation models at multiple scale levels. Attention is given to the use of vegetation models for research, policy support and ecosystem management.

### Contents

Theory

#### Introduction

1. Vegetation modelling: conceptual framework, upscaling, model structure, model development

#### Biophysical and physiological models

2. Modelling plant basic processes
3. Modelling radiation transfer and canopy representation
4. Modelling temporal and seasonal dynamics (phenology)

#### Modelling vegetation dynamics

5. Modelling allocation and biogeochemical cycles
6. Modelling demography and vegetation dynamics
7. Representing diversity in vegetation models

## **Upscaling and applications**

8. Spatial heterogeneity, landscape scale and disturbance
9. Upscaling from leaf to globe
10. Projections and scenario analysis

## **Exercises:**

simulation exercises with vegetation models touching upon multiple methodological aspects (initialisation, optimisation, sensitivity, uncertainty)

## **Initial competences**

This course builds on certain learning outcomes of the courses 'wetenschappelijk programmeren', 'ecologie', 'modelleren en simuleren van biosystemen', of the eindcompetenties warden op een andere manier verworven.

## **Final competences**

- 1 Identify the different types of vegetation models
- 2 Understand the structure of process-based vegetation models
- 3 Explain key processes needed to simulate the response of vegetation to a changing environment
- 4 Perform simulation with existing vegetation models
- 5 Interpret and process vegetation model outputs
- 6 Appreciate the strength and weaknesses of vegetation models and their associated uncertainties

## **Conditions for credit contract**

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is determined after successful competences assessment

## **Conditions for exam contract**

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

## **Teaching methods**

Group work, lecture, microteaching, seminar: practical PC room classes

## **Learning materials and price**

Lecture handouts and syllabus provided via Ufora

## **References**

Climate Change and Terrestrial Ecosystem Modeling, Gordon Bonan, Cambridge University Press | 2019 | 437 pages  
Ecological Forecasting, MC Dietze, Princeton University Press, 2017

Physiological Ecology of Forest Production: principles, processes and models, Landsberg J & Sands P, Academic Press.

## **Course content-related study coaching**

Individual coaching is possible, including interactive via Ufora

## **Evaluation methods**

end-of-term evaluation and continuous assessment

## **Examination methods in case of periodic evaluation during the first examination period**

Oral examination, skills test

## **Examination methods in case of periodic evaluation during the second examination period**

Oral examination, skills test

## **Examination methods in case of permanent evaluation**

Participation, assignment, simulation

## **Possibilities of retake in case of permanent evaluation**

examination during the second examination period is possible in modified form

**Calculation of the examination mark**

60 % exam (oral on theory and skilltest), 40% on non periodic evaluation (report, simulations, participation)