

Oceans and Human Health (I002604)

Cursusomvang (nominale waarden; effectieve waarden kunnen verschillen per opleiding)

Studiepunten 3.0

Studietijd 90 u

Aanbodsessies en werkvormen in academiejaar 2024-2025

A (semester 1)

Engels

Gent

hoorcollege

zelfstandig werk

Lesgevers in academiejaar 2024-2025

Asselman, Jana

LA22

Verantwoordelijk lesgever

Janssen, Colin

LA22

Medelesgever

Aangeboden in onderstaande opleidingen in 2024-2025

stptn

aanbodsessie

Bachelor of Science in Environmental Technology

3

A

Master of Science in de bio-ingenieurswetenschappen: milieutechnologie

3

A

Master of Science in Environmental Science and Technology

3

A

Uitwisselingsprogramma bio-ingenieurswetenschappen: land- en bosbeheer (niveau master-na-bachelor)

3

A

Uitwisselingsprogramma bio-ingenieurswetenschappen: milieutechnologie (niveau master-na-bachelor)

3

A

Onderwijstalen

Engels

Trefwoorden

Oceans and Human health; Coastal populations; biodiscovery; sustainable use of the ocean, blue bio-economy

Situering

The marine environment contributes significantly to human health through the provision and quality of the air that we breathe, the food we eat, the water we drink, and in offering health-enhancing, economic and recreational opportunities. For millennia, humans have been dependent on seas and oceans as a source of food and a means of transportation. Yet, the oceans and coastal seas are like a double-edged sword when it comes to interactions with human health. Natural events such as hurricanes, severe storms and tsunamis can have devastating impacts on coastal populations, while pathogens and toxic waste can cause illness and death. In terms of productivity (lost working days), the overall global burden of human disease caused by sewage pollution of coastal waters has been estimated at 4 million lost person-years annually. On the positive side, the oceans provide humans with many benefits including food for around a third of the global population, the air that we breathe and our climate system which enables habitation of much of the planet. The marine environment can also be the source of potential health benefits through the provision of healthy food, novel pharmaceuticals and related products derived from marine organisms, as well as through a contribution to general well-being from a close association with the coastal environment (i.e. recreational and psychological benefits, or the Blue Gym effect). The marine environment is also under pressure from human activities such as transport, industrial processes, agricultural and waste management practices. Evaluation and management of the resultant impacts, on both marine ecosystems themselves, and on human health, have largely been undertaken as separate activities, under the auspices of different disciplines with no obvious interaction. Hence, many relationships between the marine environment and human health are still relatively unexplored, leaving critical knowledge gaps for those seeking to develop effective policies for the sustainable use of marine resources and environmental and human health protection.

Inhoud

This course aims at describing and illustrating the fundamental and applied concepts of the emerging research and development field of Oceans and Human Health (OHH). This includes insights, fundamental science and applications to elucidate and understand how marine ecosystems impact human health and vice versa. This course aims at mobilizing interdisciplinary competencies and ensuring that the necessary scientific and technical capabilities are transferred. The complex and causal interconnections between the marine environment and ecosystem and human health require a systems approach addressing all levels of organization from genes to ecosystems. Such an integrated systems approach - which will be presented applied in this course - will draw on the skills and expertise of many scientific disciplines including the social and economic sciences. Topics will focus on both threats and benefits of marine ecosystems for human health, including biodiscovery of natural products, Blue Gym Effect, sea spray, offshore wind, deepsea mining and pollution in a broader context. LECTURES (1.5 ECTS)

Part of the knowledge will be conveyed through lectures, including principles and basics of oceans & Human health and introduction to threats and opportunities within oceans and human health.

BLENDED LEARNING SESSIONS (INTEGRATION SEMINAR) (1 ECTS)

Students will be divided into groups to work on specific topics related to the course. Students can choose based on a selection of available topics. This will focus on new ground-breaking topics relevant to Oceans & Human Health. Each blended learning session will provide knowledge and discussion on a critical part that students need to develop for their project (e.g. legislation, valorization). Part of the knowledge will be made available via free online available material (video's from lecturers, presentations at conferences, publications, reports). During the blended learning sessions this material will be discussed and argued in small groups to increase the insight and understanding and apply this to their topic. In the final session, students will summarize their main findings in a short written report and group presentation where the other students will question them based on an assigned perspective (e.g. industry, politician, citizen perspective)

CRITICAL REFLECTION (0.5 ECTS)

Students will then individually reflect on the project and the discussion perspectives in an individual critical report that will be discussed and evaluated during the oral exam

Begincompetenties

General and basis knowledge of biology, ecology, physics and chemistry. This course builds on the content of Applied marine ecology if you did not follow this course or an equivalent course, you can still follow Oceans and Human Health but an additional effort (reading some background material) might be required.

Eindcompetenties

- 1 Understand the main processes driving the relationship between marine ecosystem health and human health.
- 2 Discuss consequences of human activities in marine ecosystems.
- 3 Discuss how changes in marine ecosystems lead to consequences for human health
- 4 Identify threats and opportunities of blue economy activities to oceans and human health interactions
- 5 Develop strategies to further strengthen the positive human health impact of oceans

Creditcontractvoorwaarde

Toelating tot dit opleidingsonderdeel via creditcontract is mogelijk mits gunstige beoordeling van de competenties

Examencontractvoorwaarde

Dit opleidingsonderdeel kan niet via examencontract gevolgd worden

Didactische werkvormen

Hoorcollege, Zelfstandig werk

Studiemateriaal

Type: Slides

Naam: Slides and papers related to the course

Richtprijs: Gratis of betaald door opleiding

Optioneel: nee

Taal : Engels

Beschikbaar op Ufora : Ja

Online beschikbaar : Ja

Beschikbaar in de bibliotheek : Nee
Beschikbaar via studentenvereniging : Nee
Bijkomende info: All course material is available freely on UFORA where students can choose to print it themselves
(printing costs at their own expense)

Referenties

Vakinhoudelijke studiebegeleiding

Oral presentations, discussions in groups (of different sizes), contact hours for individual guidance upon request.

Evaluatiemomenten

periodegebonden en niet-periodegebonden evaluatie

Evaluatievormen bij periodegebonden evaluatie in de eerste examenperiode

Mondelinge evaluatie, Schriftelijke evaluatie

Evaluatievormen bij periodegebonden evaluatie in de tweede examenperiode

Mondelinge evaluatie, Schriftelijke evaluatie

Evaluatievormen bij niet-periodegebonden evaluatie

Participatie, Presentatie, Werkstuk

Tweede examenkans in geval van niet-periodegebonden evaluatie

Niet van toepassing

Toelichtingen bij de evaluatievormen

- * End of term assessment: Written examination on content of the lectures, oral examination related to project
- * Continuous assessment: self-study, blended learning session: participation of the student in the blended learning: preparatory assignments + report and presentation at the end of the sessions

Eindscoreberekening

End of term assessment: 50%; continuous assessment (self-study, participation, preparatory assignments, reports, presentation): 50%;
Students who eschew continuous or end of term assessment may be failed by the examiner.